**Unit 7 Patrol**

**Alpha Patrol kit**

**【词汇点拨】 Words and Expressions**

**1. patrol** /pəˈtrəʊl/ *v.* to walk or go around or through an area, building , etc., especially in order to make sure that is safe 巡逻

*The squad had orders to patrol the area.*

**2. camouflage** /ˈkæməˌflɑːʒ/ *n.* a way of hiding something (such as military equipment) by painting it or covering it with leaves or branches to make it harder to see; the green and brown clothing that soldiers and hunters wear to make them harder to see 伪装；迷彩服

*The rabbit’s white fur acts as a camouflage in the snow.*

**3. pack** /pæk/

① *v.* to put something into a bag, suitcase, etc., so that you can take it with you 打包；捆扎

② *n.* a container made to be carried on the back of a person or animal 背包

*We have only one week to pack and move out of our apartment.*

*They loaded the packs onto the horses.*

**4. kit** /kɪt/ *n.* a set of parts ready to be made into sth.; a set of tools or equipment that you use for a particular purpose; a set of clothes and equipment that you use fro a particular activity 成套设备；全套服装

*Even the little things like the food at the training ground or the training kit, everything is different and you have to get used to it.*

**5. bayonet** /'beɪənɪt/ *n.* a long, sharp blade that can be fixed to the end of a rifle and used as a

weapon 刺刀；枪刺

*A soldier plunged a bayonet into his body.*

**6. webbing** /ˈwebɪŋ/ *n.* strong strips of cloth that are used to make belts, etc., and to support the

seats of chairs, etc. （用以制作带子等的）带状结实织物；作战装具挂带（携行具）

*Nylon webbing* 尼龙带

**7. waterproof** /ˈwɔːtəpruːf/ *adj.* that does not let water through or that cannot be damaged by

water 不透水的；防水的；耐水的

*waterproof notebook* 防水笔记本

*waterproof clothing* 防水衣

*a waterproof camera* 防水照相机

**8. torch** /tɔːtʃ/ *n.*

① a small electric lamp that uses batteries and that you can hold in your hand 手电筒

②a long piece of wood that has material at one end that is set on fire and that people carry to

give light 火炬；火把

*Shine the torch on the lock while I try to get the key in.*

*a flaming torch* 燃烧着的火炬

*the Olympic torch* 奥林匹克火炬

**【词汇点拨】 Proper Names**

**1. Camel Bak water bladder** 驼峰储水袋

**2.** **Firesteel lighter**火石打火机

**3. Leatherman Supertool** 莱瑟曼多用途工具

**Bravo Patrol route and tasks**

**【军事知识】**

**1. Observation Post** **观察哨**

An observation post (commonly abbreviated OP), temporary or fixed, is a position from which soldiers can watch enemy movements, to warn of approaching soldiers (such as in trench warfare), or to direct artillery fire. In strict military terminology, an observation post is any preselected position from which observations are to be made - this may include very temporary installations such as a vehicle parked as a roadside checkpoint, or even an airborne aircraft.

**2. Reconnaissance 侦查**

A mission undertaken to obtain, by visual observation or other detection methods, information about the activities and resources of an enemy or potential enemy, or to secure data concerning the meteorological, hydrographic, or geographic characteristics of a particular area. It is also called RECON.

**【词汇点拨】Words and Expressions**

1. **check** /tʃek/ *v.* the act or an instance of inspecting or testing something, as for accuracy or quality 查证；核查

*We should check the equipment to make sure that it’s working properly.*

1. **conduct** /kənˈdʌkt/ *v.* to direct the course of; manage or control 指导；管理；控制

*a police officer who conducts traffic; a scientist who conducts experiments.*

**3. observe** /əbˈzɜːv/ *v.* to be or become aware of, especially through careful and directed attention; notice; to watch attentively 观察

*Our primary mission is to observe and report all activities in the area.*

**4. prevent** /prɪˈvent/ *v.* to keep from happening; to keep (someone) from doing something阻止

*prevented us from winning*

*prevented the disease from spreading.*

**5. set up** /ˈset ʌp/ *phr.* to prepare for something by putting things where they need to be设立

*The church set up a school for the city’s homeless children.*

*The commander ordered to set up a checkpoint on the crossroad.*

**6. establish** /ɪˈstæblɪʃ/ *v*. to start or create an organization, a system, etc. that is meant to last for a

long time设立

*The patrol is tasked to establish an OP position on the hill for three hours.*

**7. forecast** /ˈfɔ: kɑːst/

① *v*. to estimate or predict in advance, especially to predict (weather conditions) by analysis of meteorological data预测；预报

② *n.* a statement about what will happen in the future, based on information that is available now预测；预报

*weather forecast* 天气预报

*They’re forecasting rain for this weekend.*

**8. mission** /ˈmɪʃən/ *n*. a task or job that some is given to do 任务

*go on a rescue mission (= go somewhere to rescue someone)* 执行营救任务

**9. mine** /ˈmaɪn/

① *n.* a bomb that is placed in the ground or in water and that explodes when it is touched, also

landmine 地雷

① *v*. to place mines below the surface of an area of land or water; to destroy a vehicle with

mines埋雷于；布雷于；用雷炸毁（车辆）

*The enemy had mined the harbor.*

*The road was mined.*

**【词汇点拨】Proper Names**

**1. SILA** /ˈsaɪlə/（Name of a village）村庄名

**2. Hill 602** （Name of a hill）山名

**3. ABA** （Name of a river）河流名称

**【长句解读】**

1. Reports from other patrols indicate the area is calm, although we will probably pass a police checkpoint on the route from base to SILA. (7-6)

* **句子分析：**indicate意为“显示”；calm表示“平静，无事，安全”；，although引导让步状语；SILA表示巡逻途经的地点；police checkpoint的存在预示着巡逻区域可能不太平。
* **翻译：**从基地到SILA要经过一个警察检查站，但来自其他巡逻队的报告显示，该区域目前平安无事。

2. Walk on the road. Don’t walk on the side of the road. (7-6)

* **句子分析：**这是祈使句的典型用法，军事语境下多以命令、指导的形式出现。on the road意思是“沿着主路前进”，不是“在路上”；on the side of the road指的是“偏离主路”。根据上文提示，这个地区仍有很多地雷，所以走大路比较安全。
* **翻译：**沿着主路行进，不要偏离大路。

**【口语输出】**

1. What’s the main task of a patrol?

【参考词汇】set up an observation post, patrol the border, conduct a reconnaisance, set up a roadblock

2. What should we do when patrolling in an area that has been mined?

【参考词汇】watch carefully, stay on the main road, do not walk on the side of the road, call for help if necessary

3. How could we carry out a patrol task?

【参考词汇】it depends on the circumstances and the need, on foot, in vehicles, by air, by boat, on skis, etc

**Charlie Patrol and report**

**【词汇点拨】****Words and Expressions**

**1. on foot** 徒步；步行

*I knew the rest of the expedition would be on foot, and I’d hope to be leaving the bike at this place.*

*The station was not very far from his office, and Mr White always went on foot, and he always went along the same street.*

**2. uniform** /ˈju: nɪfɔ: m / *n.* the special set of clothes worn by all members of an organization or a group at work, or by children at school 制服

*soldiers in uniform*

*military uniform军装*

**3. suspicious** /səsˈpɪʃəs/ *adj.* feeling that sb. has done sth. wrong, illegal or dishonest, without having any proof 怀疑的，可疑的

*Didn’t you notice anything suspicious in his behaviour?*

*I was suspicious of his motives.*

**4. impatient** /ɪmˈpeɪʃ(ə)nt/ *adj.* **~ (with sb./sth.)/~ (at sth.)** annoyed or irritated by sb./sth., especially because you have to wait for a long time 不耐烦的；没有耐心的

*I'd been waiting for twenty minutes and I was getting impatient.*

*Sarah was becoming increasingly impatient at their lack of interest.*

**5. vicinity** /vəˈsɪnəti/ *n.* the area around a particular place周围地区；邻近地区；附近

*Crowds gathered in the vicinity of Trafalgar Square.*

*There is no hospital in the immediate vicinity.*

**6. authorize** /ˈɔːθəraɪz / *v*. to give official permission for sth., or for sb. to do sth. 批准；授权

*I have authorized him to act for me while I am away.*

*The soldiers were authorized to shoot at will.*

**7. disarm** /dɪsˈɑːm/ *v.* to reduce the size of an army or to give up some or all weapons, especially nuclear weapons 裁军；解除武装；裁减军备（尤指核武器）

*Most of the rebels were captured and disarmed.*

*We will agree to disarming troops and leaving their weapons at military positions.*

**8. engage** /ɪnˈɡeɪdʒ/ *v.* to participate or become involved in参与；从事；卷入

*Even in prison, he continued to engage in criminal activities.*

**9. civilian** /səˈvɪliən/

① *n*. a person who is not a member of the armed forces or the police平民百姓

② *adj.* in military situation, civilian is used to describe people or things that are not military平民的；民事的

*They bombed military and civilian targets.*

*He is in charge of the civilian side of the UN mission.*

**10. in danger** 处在危险当中

*It could also get people out of cities in danger of being bombed.*

*Student will be in danger of getting expelled from school if he breaks school rules.*

**【长句解读】**

1. It looks like he’s waiting for a sign or an order... (7-8)

* **句子分析：**look like表示“看起来像是要……”，后面可以接从句，或者动词的-ing形式；sign表示“某种信号”。
* **翻译：**看起来他好像在等待信号或者命令。

2. We have a stove, two mess tins, a torch, two sleeping bags and a small, brown, empty ammo pouch. (7-9)

* **句子分析：**句中have意为find out, 即“发现”的意思；多个名词并列使用时，倒数第二个词与最后一个词之间应该用and连接起来；多个形容词修饰同一个名词时，注意形容词的排列顺序，通常应遵循大小、形状、年龄、新旧、颜色、材质等顺序排列。
* **翻译：**我们发现了一个炉子、两个饭盒、一把手电筒、两个睡袋，还有一个空的小号棕色弹药袋。

3. Your mission is to patrol the area in the immediate vicinity of the bridge during daylight hours and to keep the area clear of snipers. (7-10)

* **句子分析：**be to do表示“按照命令或者预定计划做某事”；keep clear of表示“清除，清理干净”；and连接两个并列谓语“to patrol…”和 to keep…”。
* **翻译：**你们的任务是白天巡逻大桥附近的区域，并确保该区域没有狙击手。

4. You are not authorized to use deadly force to stop or disarm persons crossing the bridge unless they are engaged in hostile acts. (7-10)

* **句子分析：**not…unless表示“除非……否则不……”，引导条件状语。
* **翻译：**你们无权使用致命武力阻止人员过桥或解除他们的武装，除非他们从事了敌对活动。

5. Civilian vehicles may not normally be attacked — unless they attempt to drive straight over the bridge and then you are only authorized to fire warning shots and then to shoot at the tyres if these vehicles do not stop at the checkpoint, unless of course you are fired on. (7-10)

* **句子分析：**civilian vehicle指“民用车辆”，drive straight over表示“直冲……而去”，to fire warning shots意为“鸣枪警告”。
* **翻译：**通常情况下不能攻击民用车辆，除非他们试图冲桥而过。即使在那种情况下，你们也只能鸣枪警告；如果车辆在检查点还不停下来，你们可以射击车辆轮胎。当然，如果遭到火力攻击（你们可以开火还击）。

**【口语输出】**

1. What do patrols generally do when they conduct a patrol task?

【参考词汇】keep a written record, record any changes, observe the conditions of roads, terrain and obstacles, report anything unusual, maintain radio contact

2. What’s the duty of a patrol leader?

【参考词汇】full responsibility, know well about his patrol area, brief, debrief

3. How do you understand rules of engagement (ROE)?

【参考词汇】be careful of using deadly force, fire back, authorized, unauthorized, warning shots, in immediate danger, for the purpose of, shoot at the tyres

**Delta Radio communications**

**【军事知识】**

**1. Radio communication 无线电通信**

Radio Communication refers to telecommunication by means of radio waves. Radio communication requires the use of both transmitting and receiving equipment. The transmitting equipment, which includes a radio transmitter and a transmitting antenna, is installed at the point from which messages are transmitted. The receiving equipment, which includes a radio receiver and a receiving antenna, is installed at the point at which messages are received.

**2. Call sign 呼号**

Call Sign is a set of characters (code symbols, letters, or numbers) or an audible signal (word, musical phrase, bird call) that serves as the distinctive sign of a radio station—usually for the purpose of identification of the station during reception. As a rule, it is transmitted at the beginning of each period of the station’s operation.

The set of symbols in a call sign identifies the station’s national affiliation. The initial characters are established by the International Radio Regulations. The complete structure of a call sign depends on the class (purpose) of a station and differs for broadcasting, official, and amateur radio stations. Call signs for amateur radio stations have a complicated makeup and contain the most information. They often indicate through a code the station’s operating wave band, the station’s group (a collective or individual station) and site, and the individual letter symbol or registration number of the station.

**【词汇点拨】****Words and Expressions**

**1. close down** *phr.* proword, not in radio contact 关闭；停止通话

*A: Hello L1. This is L3. Closing down for 30 minutes at delta 2. Over.*

*B: L1. Roger. Out.*

**2. destination** /ˌdestɪˈneɪʃn/ *n.* a place to which sb./sth. is going or being sent 目的地；终点

*to arrive at/reach your destination* 到达目的地

*A: Hello L1. This is L3. Leaving delta 1 in convoy. Destination delta 6. Over.*

*B: L1. Roger. Out.*

**3. radio check** *phr*.proword, to check to see if the radio is in good state 无线电通信检查

*Radio check, how do you read this transmitter?*

*A: Hello L1. This is Radio check. Over*

*B: L1. OK. Over.*

*A: L3. OK. Out.*

**4. mobile from** *phr.* proword, moving from one place to another 移动；转移

*A: Hello D1. This is R3. Leaving Z1 in convoy. Now mobile from Z1. Over.*

*B: D1. Roger. Out.*

**5. acknowledge** /əkˈnɒlɪdʒ/*v.* proword, to confirm that you have the message and say you will comply 确认

*A:* *L1. We will send a medical team as soon as possible. Stay at the site. Acknowledge. Over.*

*B: L3. Wilco. Over.*

**6. affirmative** /əˈfɜːmətɪv/*adj.* proword, an affirmative word or reply means ‘yes’ or expresses agreement 肯定的；同意的

*A:* *L1.Question. Is this area safe? Over.*

*B:* *L3. Affirmative. Situation is under control. There are no hostile elements in the vicinity.*

**7. negative** /ˈneɡətɪv/ *adj.* proword, containing a word such as ‘no’, ‘not’, ‘never’, etc.没有；否定

*A:* *L1. Question. Is there a doctor on the spot? Over.*

*B:* *L3. Negative. We don’t have a doctor. Over.*

*a negative form/sentence*否定形式/句

**8. wilco** /ˈwɪlkəʊ/ *int.* people say Wilco in communication by radio to show that they agree to do sth.（无线电用语）照办；遵办

*A: L1. We will send a medical team as soon as possible. Stay at the site. Acknowledge. Over.*

*B: L3. Wilco. Over.*

**9. read** /riːd/ *v.* proword, to hear and understand sb. speaking on a radio set 听到；听明白

*Calling DR 40. I say again. Calling DR 40. Do you read me? Over.*

**10. roger** /ˈrɒdʒə(r)/ *int.* people say Roger in communication by radio to show that they have understood a message （用于无线电通讯，表示已听懂信息）信息收到；明白

*A: Hello L1. This is L3. Mobile from delta 2. Destination delta 3. Over.*

*B: L1. Roger. Out.*

**【长句解读】**

1. Hello L1. This is L3. Leaving delta 1 in convoy. Destination delta 6. Over. (7-13)

* **句子分析：**通信用语要求简洁明了，避免拖泥带水。此句中leaving表示“我们正准备离开…”，in convoy表示“与车队在一起”；destination表示“将要到达的目的地”。
* **翻译：**一号，我是三号。我们正准备随车队离开1号区域，前往6号区域。完毕！

1. Hello L1. This is L3. Closing down for 30 minutes at delta 2. Over. (7-13)

* **句子分析：**closing down相当于“I am going to close down my radio”，意为“关闭电台”。
* **翻译：**一号，我是三号。我的电台将在2号区域关闭30分钟。完毕！

1. A: Hello L1. This is L3. Mobile from delta 2. Destination delta 3. Over.

B: L1. Roger. Out. (7-13)

* **句子分析：**此句为祈使句，其中mobile from表示“从……离开”，destination为目的地。
* **翻译：**A：一号，我是三号。现在命令你离开2号区域，前往3号区域。完毕！

B：一号收到，完毕！

**【口语输出】**

1. What prowords do you know?

【参考词汇】roger, out, over, send, message, negative, affirmative, acknowledge, question, radio check, closing down, destination, wilco, etc.

2. Read the following conversation. Can you guess what SALUTE means?

White Horse: Brown Horse. This is White Horse. Stand by for SALUTE Report 2-1. Over.

Brown Horse: White Horse. This is Brown Horse. Stand by to copy.

White Horse: Line SIERRA- 20 Personnel.

Line ALPHA- Patrolling what appears to be a headquarters. Break.

Line LIMA- 38SPV324429.

Line UNIFORM- Republic guard. Break.

Line TANGO-23 MARCH 2003 1730 ZULU.

Line ECHO- AK47s and RPKs.

How copy so far. Over.

【参考词汇】Each letter in the word “SALUTE” stands for a specific situation on the battle field. S stands for the enemy SIZE; A stands for enemy ACTIVITY; L stands for enemy LOCATION; U stands for enemy UNIT; T stands for TIME and E stands for enemy’s EQUIPMENT.

**Echo Report and request**

**【词汇点拨】** **Words and Expressions**

**1. hostile** /ˈhɒstaɪl/ *adj*. **~ (to/towards sb./sth.)** very unfriendly or aggressive and ready to argue or fight 敌意的；敌对的

*The speaker got a hostile reception from the audience.*

*hostile elements* 敌对因素

*hostile area* 敌对区域

**2. under control** *phr.* 在掌控之中

*Army officers said the situation was under control.*

*He believes that from a military standpoint, the situation is under control.*

**3. on the spot** 现场；当场

*If mistakes occurred, they were assumed to be the fault of the commander on the spot.*

*An ambulance was on the spot within minutes.*

**4. site** /saɪt/ *n*. the place, scene, or point of an occurrence or event 场地；场景

*He was able to pinpoint the site of the medieval village on the map.*

*Stay at the site*. 留在现场

**5.** **extract** /ikˈstrækt/ *v.* to remove or obtain a substance from sth., for example by using an

industrial or a chemical process 提取（此处可理解为救援或者撤离）

*Stay at your current position and we will send two APCs to extract you.*

*They need to extract as much information as possible from the first or second reading.*

**6. evacuation** /ɪˌvækjuˈeɪʃn/ *n.* the act or process of evacuating 撤离；疏散

*air evacuation* 空中（救援）撤离

*The evacuation is being organized at the request of the United Nations Secretary General.*

**【长句解读】**

1. C21. Shooting incident. One soldier wounded in the head at grid 987624. Near small house. We request urgent medical evacuation. Over. (7-16)

* **句子分析：**通信用语力求简洁明了，往往以短语或断句的形式出现，但是并不影响通信的准确性。本句中shooting incident, near small house 都属于这类用法
* **翻译:** C21,（这里）发生枪击事件，一名战士头部受伤。坐标987624，靠近一间小房子。请求紧急医疗后送。

2. A: C21. Affirmative. Situation is under control. There are no hostile elements in the vicinity.

Over.

B: C20. We are sending an air evacuation team. Over. (7-16)

* **句子分析：**affirmative是对前面问题 “Is the area safe?” 的肯定回答，表示“安全”；no hostile elements是对affirmative的补充说明，强调安全性。
* **翻译:** A：C21。安全。已控制形势，附近地域无敌对情况。完毕！

B：C20。正在派遣空中救援队。完毕！

3. B: F20. Question. Can you move the casualty? Over.

A: F24. Wait. Over. F24. Affirmative. We can move the casualty a short distance. Over. (7-19)

* **句子分析：**question表示有问题要询问；wait表示等待，需要进一步确定信息。这两个词都属于常用通信用语。
* **翻译:** B：F20。询问。可否移动伤员？完毕！

A：F24。稍候。完毕。F24。可以短距离移动伤员。完毕！

**【口语输出】**

1. If you are reporting a situation, what elements should be included?

【参考词汇】time, incident, grid, distance, safety, request, casualty, etc.

2. What orders should be given in a certain evacuation situation?

【参考词汇】stay at the site, stay at the current position, move to grid…, wait for further orders, send air evacuation/ambulance/APC to extract you

**Foxtrot Review**

**【词汇点拨】Words and Expressions**

**1. reconnaissance** /rɪˈkɒnɪsns/ *n.*the activity of getting information about an area for military purposes, using soldiers, planes, etc. 侦察

*a reconnaissance aircraft/mission/satellite* 侦察飞机/任务/卫星

**2. carry out**to act according to a certain instruction 执行

*She needed a clear head to carry out her instructions.*

**3. confirm** /kənˈfɜːm/*v.* to state or show that sth. is definitely true or correct, especially by providing evidence（尤指提供证据来）证实；证明；确认

*We will always confirm the revised amount to you in writing before debiting your account.*

**4. supervise** /ˈsuːpəvaɪz/ *v.* to be in charge of sb./sth. and make sure that everything is done correctly, safely, etc. 监督；管理；指导；主管

*A team was sent to supervise the elections in Nicaragua.*

**5. terrain** /təˈreɪn/ *n.* used to refer to an area of land when you are mentioning its natural features, for example, if it is rough, flat, etc. 地形；地势；地带

*difficult/rough/mountainous, etc. terrain* 难以通过的地带、崎岖不平的地形、山地等

**6. halt** /hɔːlt/ *v.* to stop; to make sb./sth. stop（使）停止；停下

*The peace process has ground to a halt while Israel struggles to form a new government.*

**7. debrief** /ˌdiːˈbriːf/ *v.* **~ sb. (on sth.)** to ask sb. questions officially, in order to get information about the task that they have just completed 正式询问；盘问（某人执行任务的情况）

*He was taken to a US airbase to be debriefed on the mission.*

**8. appropriate** /əˈprəʊpriət/*adj.* **~ (for/to sth.)** suitable, acceptable or correct for the particular circumstances 合适的；恰当的

*Now that the problem has been identified, appropriate action can be taken.*

*In the circumstances, Paisley's plans looked highly appropriate.*

**【参考译文】**

**巡 逻**

巡逻队是指被派出执行某种特殊任务的士兵小队，如侦查、安保或观察。根据环境和需求的不同，巡逻可分为徒步巡逻、乘车巡逻、架机巡逻、舰艇巡逻，甚至滑雪巡逻。

巡逻任务因巡逻目的或目标的不同而不同。巡逻目标一般包括：

·确认或监督停火；

·搜集信息，包括区域侦查；

·观察并报告特定区域内活动情况；

·实地检查从观察哨无法观测到的区域；

·显示联合国的存在（告知他人此区域驻有联合国部队）。

所有巡逻队都有一个巡逻计划，详细说明他们巡逻的具体目标。除此之外，巡逻队通常还有以下任务：

·书面记录观察到的所有情况，必要时可以绘图表示；

·记录武装部队或者平民活动的任何变动情况；

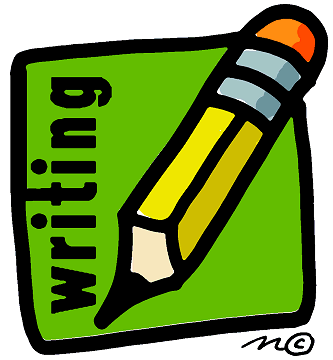
·观察道路、地貌和所设障碍的变动情况；

·报告一切非正常情况；

·保持常规无线电联络；

·如果遭到挑衅要立即停止巡逻，并通过电台迅速报告情况。

巡逻开始前，巡逻队长需要确保巡逻队员清楚此次巡逻的目的。巡逻队员同时还需要了解任务区的整体态势和当地具体情况，清楚任务区内其他巡逻队和联合国的活动状态。巡逻结束后，巡逻队长需要提交一份巡逻报告，并向有关人员汇报巡逻情况。

**词汇表**

**Alpha Patrol kit**

patrol 巡逻

camouflage 伪装；迷彩

pack 背包；打背包

kit 全套衣服及装备；成套设备

bayonet 刺刀；枪刺

webbing 带子；织带

waterproof 防水的

torch 手电筒；火把；火炬

**Bravo Patrol route and tasks**

check 检查；核对

conduct 执行；实施

observe 观察；遵守

prevent 阻止；阻拦

set up 设立；建立；树立

establish 创立；建立

forecast 预测；预告

mission 任务；使命

mine 地雷；布雷

**Charlie Patrol and report**

on foot 徒步；步行

uniform 制服；军服

suspicious 可疑的；令人怀疑的

impatient 躁动不安的；不耐烦的

vicinity 附近；邻近地区

authorize 授权；批准

disarm 缴械；解除武装

engage 交火；卷入

civilian 平民；民间的，民事的

in danger 处于危险中，受到威胁

**Delta Radio communication**

close down 关闭；关门

destination 目的地；终点

mobile from 移动；转移

radio check 通信检查

acknowledge 确认

affirmative 正确；肯定

negative 否定；错误

wilco 遵命

read 听到；听明白

roger 收到；明白

**Echo Report and request**

under control 受控；控制

hostile 敌对的；不友好的

on the spot 在现场；即刻

site 现场；场地；位置

extract 撤离，提取

evacuation撤离；撤退；疏散

**Foxtrot Patrols**

reconnaissance 侦查

carry out 执行

confirm 确认

supervise 监督

terrain 地形

halt 停止

debrief 正式询问；盘问

appropriate 合适的；恰当的